#### CÔNG TY CP CHÚNG KHOÁN **PINETREE**

Số: 272 /2025/CV-PTSV

#### CÔNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM Độc lập - Tự do - Hạnh phúc

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Hà Nôi, 08/08/2025 /Hanoi, August 08, 2025

### CÔNG BỐ THÔNG TIN INFORMATION DISCLOSURE

Kính gửi:

- Ủy ban Chứng khoán Nhà nước The State Securities Commission

- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Việt Nam

Vietnam Exchange

- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Hà Nội

Hanoi Stock Exchange

- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange

Công ty

: Công ty Cổ phần Chứng khoán Pinetree

Name of Company

: Pinetree Securities Corporation

Tru sở chính

: Tầng 20, tòa nhà ROX Tower, 54A Nguyễn Chí Thanh, Phường Láng, Hà

Nôi

Headquarter

: 20th Floor, ROX Tower, 54A Nguyen Chi Thanh, Lang Ward, Hanoi

Điện thoại

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Người được thực hiện công bố thông tin: Bà Phan Thi Phương Thủy

Submitted by

: Ms. Phan Thi Phuong Thuy

Chức vu

: Trưởng phòng Quản tri Vân hành

Position

: Head of Operation Management Department

Đia chỉ

: Tầng 20, tòa nhà ROX Tower, 54A Nguyễn Chí Thanh, Phường Láng, Hà

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Loại thông tin công bố:

☑ Đinh kỳ ☐ Bất thường

☐ 24h ☐ Theo yêu cầu

□ Periodic □ Irregular

 $\square$  24h On demand

## Nội dung thông tin công bố:

Disclosure information type::

#### The content of disclosure information:

- Báo cáo tài chính soát xét 6 tháng đầu năm 2025 bởi kiểm toán. The reviewed Financial Statement for semi-annual 2025.
- Báo cáo tỉ lệ an toàn tài chính soát xét tại 30/06/2025. The reviewed safety ratio report at 30/06/2025.
- Công văn giải trình chênh lệch lợi nhuận sau thuế 6 tháng đầu năm 2025 so với 6 tháng đầu năm 2024.

Document about explanation for the difference of profit after tax between semi-annual 2025 and semi-annual 2024.

Thông báo này và các tài liệu trên được công bố trên trang thông tin điện tử của Công ty: <a href="https://www.pinetree.vn">www.pinetree.vn</a> vào ngày 08/08/2025.

This information and above documents were disclosured on the Company's webpage and available at: <a href="https://www.pinetree.vn">www.pinetree.vn</a> at 08/08/2025.

Chúng tôi xin cam kết các thông tin công bố trên đây là đúng sự thật và hoàn toàn chịu trách nhiệm trước pháp luật về nội dung các thông tin đã công bố.

We declare that all information provided in this paper is true and accurate; and that we shall be held liable for any misrepresentation.

Người được ủy quyền công bố thông tin For and behalf of Company

Representative authorized to disclosure information

Cổ PHẦN CHỨNG KHOÁN,

CÔNG TY

Phan Thị Phương Thủy TP. Quản trị Vận hành

Head of Operation Management Department

Interim financial statements

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025



Interim financial statements

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025





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#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### THE COMPANY

Pinetree Securities Corporation ("the Company"), initially HFT Securities Corporation, is a joint stock company established under Vietnam Law on Enterprises, Securities Trading License No. 10/GPHDKD issued by the State Securities Commission for the first time on 18 February 2003 with an initial charter capital at VND 6,000,000,000. The Company's charter capital was approved to increase to VND 1,008,800,000,000 in accordance with the latest amended License No. 01/GPDC-UBCK dated 10 March 2025 granted by the State Securities Commission.

As on 30 June 2025, the total charter capital of the Company was VND 1,008,800,000,000 (as at 31 December 2024: VND 970,000,000,000).

The Company's head office is located on Floor 20<sup>th</sup>, ROX Tower, 54A Nguyen Chi Thanh Street, Lang Ward. Hanoi.

The Company's current principal activities are:

- Brokerage services;
- Underwriting for securities issuance;
- Financial and investment advisory services;
- Proprietary trading;
- Securities depository;
- Derivatives trading; and
- Other services in accordance with law and regulations applicable to securities companies.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Noh Eun Woo	Chairman	Appointed on 22 October 2021
Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck	Member	Appointed on 15 May 2019
Mr. Nguyen Huy Duong	Member	Appointed on 15 May 2019

#### **BOARD OF SUPERVISION**

Members of the Board of Supervision during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Nguyen Thach Hoan	Head of the Board	Appointed on 05 May 2023
Mr. Lee Jun Hyeob	Member	Appointed on 15 May 2019
Mr. Shin Jae Yeol	Member	Appointed on 29 November 2024

#### MANAGEMENT AND CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Member of the Management and the Chief Accountant during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck	General Director	Reappointed on 25 August 2023
Ms. Dinh Thi Lan Phuong	Chief Accountant	Reappointed on 03 October 2022

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

#### LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck – General Director.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

# \* 100011

#### Pinetree Securities Corporation

#### REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Pinetree Securities Corporation ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the Company's interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management of the Company is responsible for ensuring that the interim financial statements of each financial period that give a true and fair view of the interim financial position of the Company and of the interim results of its operation, its interim cash flows and its interim changes in equity for the period. In preparing those interim financial statements, Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent:
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim financial statements; and
- ▶ prepare the interim financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management of the Company is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds and other irregularities.

Management of the Company confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim financial statements.

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

The Company's Management does hereby states that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim financial position of the Company as on 30 June 2025, the interim results of its operations, its interim cash flows and its interim changes in equity for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, accounting guidance applicable to securities companies and statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

On behalf of Management:

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN

PINETREE

Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 2 Hai Trieu Street, Sai Gon Ward Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam Tel: +84 28 3824 5252 Email: eyhcmc@vn.ey.com Website (EN): ey.com/en\_vn Website (VN): ey.com/vi\_vn

Reference: 12581961/E-69119549/LR

#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders of

**Pinetree Securities Corporation** 

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Pinetree Securities Corporation ("the Company") as prepared on 08 August 2025 and set out on pages 6 to 49, which comprise the statement of interim financial position as at 30 June 2025, the interim income statement, the interim cash flow statement, interim statement of changes in equity for the six-month period then ended and the notes thereto.

#### Management's responsibility

Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, accounting guidance applicable to securities companies and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim financial statements, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



#### Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim results of its operations, its interim cash flows and its interim changes in equity for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, accounting guidance applicable to securities companies and statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

Dang Phuong Ha

Deputy General Director Audit Practising Registration Certificate No. 2400-2023-004-1

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025

# STATEMENT OF INTERIM FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 June 2025

Code	ITE	FMS	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
100	A.	CURRENT ASSETS		3,935,502,010,822	3,302,903,842,788
110	1.	Financial assets		3,929,238,761,140	3,296,236,843,359
111 111.1	1.	Cash and cash equivalents  1.1 Cash	5	166,962,868,631 166,962,868,631	228,336,513,233 228,336,513,233
112	2.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	7.1	704,287,365,145	281,142,805,274
113	3.	Held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments	7.2	1,074,000,000,000	845,000,000,000
114 117 <i>117.1</i>	4. 5.	Loans Receivables 5.1 Receivables from disposals of	7.3 8	1,951,029,807,358 31,080,916,207	1,912,878,983,048 28,357,502,387
117.2		financial assets 5.2 Receivables and accruals from		384,401,448	665,031,739
117.4		dividend and interest income 5.2.1 Undue accrued dividend		30,696,514,759	27,692,470,648
118 119	6. 7.	and interest Advances to suppliers Receivables from services provided	9	30,696,514,759 1,358,576,560	27,692,470,648 366,847,000
122 129	8.	by the Company Other receivables	10 11	135,038,394 416,206,261	83,062,786 103,147,047
129	9.	Provision for impairment of receivables		(32,017,416)	(32,017,416)
130	II.	Other current assets		6,263,249,682	6,666,999,429
133 134	1. 2.	Short-term prepaid expenses Short-term deposits, collaterals and	13	5,317,785,903	5,773,358,177
135	3.	pledges Deductible value added tax	12	38,387,250 907,076,529	38,387,250 855,254,002
200	В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		76,572,961,801	74,687,822,316
220	1.	Fixed assets		38,253,317,255	44,886,742,574
221 222 223a 227 228 229a	1.	Tangible fixed assets 1.1 Cost 1.2 Accumulated depreciation Intangible assets 2.1 Cost 2.2 Accumulated amortization	14 15	11,002,937,231 31,046,665,353 (20,043,728,122) 27,250,380,024 72,234,949,512 (44,984,569,488)	13,211,151,326 30,970,432,053 (17,759,280,727) 31,675,591,248 71,484,949,512 (39,809,358,264)
240	11.	Construction in progress	16	9,434,954,326	2,536,025,848
250	<i>III.</i>	Other non-current assets		28,884,690,220	27,265,053,894
251	1.	Long-term deposits, collaterals and pledges	17	1,324,357,390	1,355,769,890
252 254	2. 3.	Long-term prepaid expenses Payments to Settlement	18	1,161,496,218	1,201,328,230
255	4.	Assistance Fund Other long-term assets	19 19	16,378,848,419 10,019,988,193	14,697,945,609 10,010,010,165
270	то	TAL ASSETS		4,012,074,972,623	3,377,591,665,104

# STATEMENT OF INTERIM FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) as at 30 June 2025

			l .		I
Code	ITE	EMS	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
300	C.	LIABILITIES		2,434,281,731,862	1,826,381,251,313
310	I.	Current liabilities		2,434,281,731,862	1,826,381,251,313
311 312 318	1.	Short-term borrowings and financial leases  1.1 Short-term borrowings Payables for securities trading activities	20	2,411,222,000,000 2,411,222,000,000 3,167,382,408	1,804,600,000,000 1,804,600,000,000 2,537,268,891
320	3.	Short-term trade payables	22	3,420,927,162	254,848,236
322 323 324	4. 5. 6.	Statutory obligations Payables to employees Employee benefits	23	11,650,892,706 413,111,400 19,539,206	14,626,075,414 228,481,908
325 329	7. 8.	Short-term accrued expenses Other short-term payables	24	3,879,422,464 508,456,516	3,492,362,156 642,214,708
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		1,577,793,240,761	1,551,210,413,791
410	1.	Owners' equity	25	1,577,793,240,761	1,551,210,413,791
411 411.1 411.1a	1.	Share capital 1.1 Contributed capital 1.1.1 Ordinary shares	25.1	1,480,000,000,000 1,008,800,000,000 1,008,800,000,000	1,480,000,000,000 970,000,000,000 970,000,000,000
411.2 415	2.	1.2 Share premium Operational risk and financial	25.2	471,200,000,000	510,000,000,000
417 417.1 417.2	3.	reserve Undistributed profit 3.1 Realized profit 3.2 Unrealized profit	25.3	1,321,976,000 96,471,264,761 96,465,603,356 5,661,405	1,321,976,000 69,888,437,791 69,886,152,386 2,285,405
440		TAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' UITY		4,012,074,972,623	3,377,591,665,104

STATEMENT OF INTERIM FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) as at 30 June 2025

#### **INTERIM OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS**

		_		
Code	ITEMS	Notes	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	A. ASSETS OF THE COMPANY AND A	SSETS	MANAGED UNDER A	GREEMENTS
006	Outstanding shares (number of shares)	25.4	100,880,000	97,000,000
008	Financial assets listed/registered for trading at the Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation ("VSDC") of the Company	26.1	329,304,560,000	278,223,910,000
i	B. ASSETS AND PAYABLES UNDER A	AGREEN	MENTS WITH INVEST	ORS
021 021.1 021.2 021.4 021.5	Financial assets listed/registered for trading at the VSDC of investors Unrestricted financial assets Restricted financial assets Blocked financial assets Financial assets awaiting settlement	26.2	6,839,754,606,000 6,208,669,101,000 788,650,000 254,000,000 630,042,855,000	6,470,756,610,000 6,304,906,030,000 421,200,000 259,000,000 165,170,380,000
026	Investors' deposits	26.3	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
027	Investors' deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company	26.3	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
031 031.1	Payables to investors for deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company Payables to domestic investors for	26.4	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
031.2	deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company Payables to foreign investors for		1,044,667,203,631	619,260,159,443
031.3	deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company Payables to domestic investors for		12,661,121,209	14,535,199,130
	margin deposits for derivatives trading activities		26,427,992,932	18,441,085,164
031.4	Payables to foreign investors for margin deposits for derivatives trading activities		-	1,499,972,500

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

Cổ PHẦN

CHỨNG KHOÁ PINECE

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Ms. Tran Thi Minh Hien Accountant

Ms. winh Thi Lan Phuong Chief Accountant

Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025

# INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	I. OPERATING INCOME			
01	Gain from financial assets at value through profit or loss	fair		
01.1	("FVTPL") 1.1 Gain from disposals of		14,575,501,140	11,329,047,324
01.2	financial assets at FVTPL 1.2 Gain from revaluation of	27.1	12,262,650,231	5,365,062,917
01.3	financial assets at FVTPL	2 I	3,376,000	-
	1.3 Dividend, interest income financial assets at FVTPL		2,309,474,909	5,963,984,407
02	<ol><li>Gain from held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments</li></ol>	27.2	27,292,905,488	17,580,630,127
03 06	<ul><li>3. Gain from loans and receivab</li><li>4. Revenue from brokerage serv</li></ul>		96,067,556,033 18,269,807,904	92,176,279,604 23,531,108,147
09	5. Revenue from securities depo			
11	services 6. Revenue from other activities		2,318,787,450 188,725,041	1,311,881,947 94,563,888
20	Total operating income		158,713,283,056	146,023,511,037
	II. OPERATING EXPENSES			
21 21.1	1. Loss from financial assets at F 1.1 Loss from disposals of	FVTPL	5,276,646,636	1,815,170,375
21.3	financial assets at FVTPL  1.2 Transaction costs for acqu		5,276,646,636	1,628,196,327
26	of financial assets at FVT	PL	-	186,974,048
	<ol><li>Expenses for proprietary trad activities</li></ol>		820,053,119	210,395,797
27 30	<ul><li>3. Expenses for brokerage servi</li><li>4. Expenses for securities depos</li></ul>		42,164,171,929	51,005,524,776
31	services 5. Expenses for financial advisory		2,050,228,706	1,520,995,500
	services		1,468,543,810	-
32	6. Expenses for other activities		4,221,471	3,846,311
40	Total operating expenses III. FINANCIAL INCOME		51,783,865,671	54,555,932,759
42	Dividends and interest income	۵ ا		
72	from demand deposits	29	1,471,670,547	1,951,039,679
50	Total financial income		1,471,670,547	1,951,039,679
	IV. FINANCIAL EXPENSES			
52 55	<ol> <li>Interest expenses from borrow</li> <li>Other financial expenses</li> </ol>	wings	38,679,687,505 2,552,514,749	27,918,694,229 3,533,754,429
60	Total financial expenses	30	41,232,202,254	31,452,448,658
62	V. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRA EXPENSES	TIVE 31	34,154,335,005	37,375,177,609

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
70	VI. OPERATING PROFIT		33,014,550,673	24,590,991,690
	VII. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES			
71	1. Other income		213,139,039	403,838
80	Total other operating gain		213,139,039	403,838
90	VIII.PROFIT BEFORE TAX		33,227,689,712	24,591,395,528
91 92	<ol> <li>Realized profit</li> <li>Unrealized profit</li> </ol>		33,224,313,712 3,376,000	24,591,395,528
100	IX. CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") EXPENSES		6,644,862,742	4,918,259,306
100.1	1. Current CIT expenses	32	6,644,862,742	4,918,259,306
200	X. PROFIT AFTER TAX		26,582,826,970	19,673,136,222
501	Profit per share	33	268	203

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

CÔNG TY

CONG TY Cổ PHẦN

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Ms. Tran Thi Minh Hien Accountant

Ms. Dinh Thi Lan Phuong Chief Accountant Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025

# INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

Code	ITE	EMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	I.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	1.	Profit before tax		33,227,689,712	24,591,395,528
02 03 06 07 08	2.	Adjusted for Depreciation and amortization Interest expenses from borrowings Loss from investing activities Accrued interests	30	(33,921,641,522) 7,459,658,619 38,679,687,505 1,080,844,202 (81,141,831,848)	(35,806,379,463) 6,830,302,603 27,918,694,229 1,582,714,750 (72,138,091,045)
10 11	3.	Decrease in non-monetary expenses Gain from revaluation of financial		(3,376,000)	-
		assets at FVTPL		(3,376,000)	-
<b>30</b> 31	4.	Operating loss before changes in working capital Increase in financial assets at		(661,044,825,561)	(848,562,900,107)
		FVTPL		(423,141,183,871)	(68,025,685,593)
32 33		Increase in HTM investments Increase in loans		(229,000,000,000) (38,150,824,310)	(276,000,000,000) (606,281,926,912)
35		Decrease/(Increase) in receivables			(000,201,020,012)
36		from disposals of financial assets Decrease in receivables and accruals from dividend and interest		280,630,291	(224,232,804)
37		income Increase in receivables from		78,137,787,737	82,669,918,051
39		services provided by the Company (Increase)/Decrease in other		(51,975,608)	(27,167,841)
40		receivables Increase in other assets		(313,059,214)	161,337,822
41		Decrease in accrued expenses		(1,742,703,365)	(2,055,777,383)
		(excluding interest expenses)		(2,609,736,325)	(4,136,003,921)
42 43		Decrease in prepaid expenses CIT paid		495,404,286	1,932,158,450
44		Interest paid		(9,054,306,398) (38,235,405,621)	(3,409,522,979) (27,083,149,658)
45		Increase in trade payables		2,174,349,366	51,627,345,262
46		Increase in employee benefits		19,539,206	-
47		(Decrease)/Increase in tax and payables to the State (excluding		(FCF 720 0F2)	4 447 905 004
48		CIT paid) Increase in payables to employees		(565,739,052) 184,629,492	1,447,805,964 189,943,385
50		Increase in other payables		496,355,325	720,058,050
51		Other receipt from operating		.50,000,020	, 20,000,000
		activities		51,412,500	10,000,000
52		Other payments for operating activities		(20,000,000)	(78,000,000)
60		t cash flows used in operating ivities		(661,742,153,371)	(859,777,884,042)

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	II. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
61	Payments for purchase and construction of fixed assets, investment properties and other			
65	long-term assets 2. Interest from loans, dividends from		(7,725,161,778)	(1,704,952,916)
	long-term investments received		1,471,670,547	1,951,039,679
70	Net cash flows (used in)/from investing activities		(6,253,491,231)	246,086,763
	III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
73 73.2 74	<ol> <li>Proceeds from borrowings         <ul> <li>1.1. Borrowings from others</li> </ul> </li> <li>Repayment of borrowings         <ul> <li>2.1. Other repayment of borrowings</li> </ul> </li> </ol>		7,783,104,138,465 7,783,104,138,465 (7,176,482,138,465) (7,176,482,138,465)	6,397,403,000,000 6,397,403,000,000 (5,512,303,000,000) (5,512,303,000,000)
80	Net cash flows from financing activities		606,622,000,000	885,100,000,000
90	NET CASH FLOW DURING THE PERIOD		(61,373,644,602)	25,568,202,721
101	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD		228,336,513,233	147,556,781,512
101.1	Cash		228,336,513,233	147,556,781,512
103	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT			
17000000	THE END OF THE PERIOD		166,962,868,631	173,124,984,233
103.1	Cash		166,962,868,631	173,124,984,233

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

#### CASH FLOWS FROM BROKERAGE AND TRUST ACTIVITIES OF INVESTORS

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	Cash flows from brokerage and trust activities of investors			
01	<ol> <li>Cash receipts from disposal of brokerage securities of investors</li> </ol>		27,709,787,504,214	38,398,282,410,410
02	<ol><li>Cash payments for purchase of brokerage securities of investors</li></ol>		(27,150,253,967,692)	(38,974,970,336,937)
07	Cash receipts for settlement of securities transactions of investors		37,775,006,247,798	51,120,530,379,868
08 14	<ul> <li>4. Cash payment for settlement of securities transactions of investors</li> <li>5. Cash receipts from securities issuers</li> </ul>		(37,904,519,882,785)	(50,147,225,986,667) 168,650,882,586
15 <b>20</b>	<ol> <li>Cash payments for securities issuers</li> <li>Net increase in cash during the period</li> </ol>		(144,809,050,780) 430,019,901,535	(169,341,164,336) <b>395,926,184,924</b>
30	Cash and cash equivalents of investors at the beginning of the period		653,736,416,237	802,712,745,095
31 32	Cash at banks at the beginning of the period - Investors' deposits managed		653,736,416,237	802,712,745,095
	by the Company for securities trading activities		653,736,416,237	802,712,745,095
40	III. Cash and cash equivalents of investors at the end of the period		1,083,756,317,772	1,198,638,930,019
41	Cash at banks at the end of the period		1,083,756,317,772	1,198,638,930,019
42	<ul> <li>Investors' deposits managed by the Company for securities trading activities</li> </ul>		1,083,756,317,772	1,198,638,930,019

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

PINETREE

CÔNG TY

Approved by

Ms. Tran Thi Minh Hien Accountant

Ms. Dinh Thi Lan Phuong Chief Accountant Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025

# INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

		Opening	balance	Increase/Decrease			Closing balance		
				Prior p	eriod	Current	period		
ITI	EMS	01/01/2024 VND	01/01/2025 VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	30/06/2024 VND	30/06/2025 VND
1.	CHANGES IN								
	OWNERS' EQUITY	1,500,153,603,171	1,551,210,413,791	19,673,136,222	=	65,382,826,970	38,800,000,000	1,519,826,739,393	1,577,793,240,761
1.	Share capital	1,480,000,000,000		-	-	38,800,000,000	38,800,000,000	1,480,000,000,000	1,480,000,000,000
	1.1. Contributed					, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,,,	.,,,,	.,,,
1	capital	970,000,000,000	970,000,000,000	-	-	38,800,000,000	_	970,000,000,000	1,008,800,000,000
1	1.2. Share premium	510,000,000,000	510,000,000,000	-	-	=	38,800,000,000	510,000,000,000	471,200,000,000
2.	Operational risk and							30-900 - 101 <b>7</b> 1350/3250 <b>7</b> 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	
	financial reserve	1,321,976,000	1,321,976,000	-	-	-	-	1,321,976,000	1,321,976,000
3.	Undistributed profit	18,831,627,171	69,888,437,791	19,673,136,222	-	26,582,826,970	-	38,504,763,393	96,471,264,761
1	3.1 Realized profit	18,831,299,766	69,886,152,386	19,673,136,222	-	26,579,450,970	-	38,504,435,988	96,465,603,356
	3.2 Unrealized profit	327,405	2,285,405	-	-	3,376,000	_	327,405	5,661,405
ТС	DTAL	1,500,153,603,171	1,551,210,413,791	19,673,136,222	-	65,382,826,970	38,800,000,000	1,519,826,739,393	1,577,793,240,761

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

Ms. Tran Thi Minh Hien Accountant

Ms. Dinh Thi Lan Phuong Chief Accountant Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Approved by:

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

Pinetree Securities Corporation ("the Company"), initially HFT Securities Corporation, is a joint stock company established under Vietnam's Law on Enterprises, Securities Trading License No. 10/GPHDKD issued by the State Securities Commission for the first time on 18 February 2003 with initial charter capital at VND 6,000,000,000. The Company's charter capital was approved to increase to VND 1,008,800,000,000 in accordance with the latest amended License No. 01/GPDC-UBCK dated 10 March 2025 granted by the State Securities Commission.

The Company's principal activities in the current period are to provide brokerage services, securities underwriting, financial and investment advisory services, proprietary trading, securities depository, derivatives trading and other services in accordance with law and regulations applicable to securities companies.

The Company's head office is located on Floor 20<sup>th</sup>, ROX Tower, 54A Nguyen Chi Thanh Street, Lang Ward, Hanoi.

The total number of employees of the Company as at 30 June 2025 was 113 persons (as at 31 December 2024: 116 persons).

#### Operations of the Company

#### Charter capital

As at 30 June 2025, total charter capital of the Company was VND 1,008,800,000,000 (as at 31 December 2024: VND 970,000,000,000).

#### Investment objectives

The Company is a securities company with principal activities comprising of brokerage services; financial and investment advisory services; proprietary trading; securities depository services; derivatives trading and other services in accordance with legal regulations applicable to securities companies. The Company's objective is to become one of the leading securities companies in the market, contributing to the development of the Vietnamese stock market and bringing core benefits to customers, investors and shareholders of the Company.

#### Investment restrictions

The Company complies with Article 28 of Circular No. 121/2020/TT-BTC dated 31 December 2020 prescribing the operation of securities companies and current applicable regulations on investment restrictions. The current applicable practices on investment restrictions are as follows:

- A securities company is not allowed to purchase, contribute capital to invest in properties except for the use of head office, branches, and transaction offices directly serving operating activities of the securities company;
- A securities company may purchase, contribute capital to invest in properties and fixed assets on the principle that the carrying value of fixed assets and investment properties should not exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total assets of the securities company;
- A securities company is not allowed to use more than seventy percent (70%) of its owners' equity to invest in corporate bonds. A securities company, licensed to engage in propriety trading, is allowed to repurchase listed bonds in accordance with relevant regulations on securities repurchase agreement;

#### CORPORATE INFORMATION (continued)

#### Operations of the Company (continued)

Investment restrictions (continued)

- A securities company must not by itself or authorize other organizations or individuals to:
  - Invest in shares or contribute capital to companies that own more than fifty percent (50%) of the charter capital of the securities company, except for purchasing odd shares per request of customers;
  - Make joint investments with a related party in five percent (5%) or more of the charter capital of another securities company;
  - Invest more than twenty percent (20%) in the total circulating shares or fund certificates of a listed entity;
  - Invest more than fifteen percent (15%) in the total circulating shares or fund certificates of a non-listed entity, this provision shall not apply to member fund, exchange-traded fund and open-ended fund certificates;
  - Invest or contribute capital in more than ten percent (10%) of the total contributed capital of a limited liability company or a business project;
  - Invest or contribute capital more than fifteen percent (15%) of its owners' equity in an entity or a business project;
  - Invest more than seventy percent (70%) of its owners' equity in shares, capital contribution and business projects, specifically invest more than twenty percent (20%) of its owners' equity in non-listed shares, capital contribution and business projects.

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Applied accounting standards and systems

The interim financial statements of the Company are expressed in Vietnam Dong ("VND") and are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System, accounting guidance applicable to securities companies as set out in Circular No. 210/2014/TT-BTC dated 30 December 2014, Circular No. 334/2016/TT-BTC dated 27 December 2016 amending, supplementing and replacing Appendix No. 02 and No. 04 of Circular No. 210/2014/TT-BTC, Vietnamese Accounting Standards No. 27 — the Interim Financial Statements and other Vietnamese Accounting Standards promulgated by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 3):
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 4); and
- ▶ Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (Series 5).

#### 2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal.

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### 2.3 Fiscal period

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its financial statements starts on 01 January and ends on 31 December.

The Company also prepares its interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June and its quarterly financial statements for the three-month periods ended 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December each year.

#### 2.4 Accounting currency

The interim financial statements are prepared in Vietnam Dong ("VND"), which is also the accounting currency of the Company.

#### 2.5 Basis of assumptions and uses of accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires the Company's Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also affect the income, expenses and the resultant provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions involving varying degrees of subjectivity and uncertainty and actual results may differ resulting in future changes in such provision.

# 3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH VIETNAMESE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND SYSTEMS

Management confirms that the Company has complied with Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting Systems, accounting regulations and guidance applicable to securities companies and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements.

Accordingly, the accompanying interim financial statements and their utilization are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim financial position, interim results of operation, interim cash flows and interim changes in equity in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 4.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted by the Company in preparation of the interim financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024 and the interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024.

#### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at banks, deposits for clearing and settlement of securities trading and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original term of three months or less that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Cash deposited by customers for securities trading and cash deposited by securities issuers are presented on the interim off-balance sheet.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.3 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

Financial assets at FVTPL are financial assets that satisfy either of the following conditions:

- a) It is classified as held for trading. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if:
  - ▶ It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term:
  - There is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
  - ▶ It is a derivative (except derivatives that are financial guarantee contracts or effective hedging instruments).
- b) Upon initial recognition, the classification of a financial asset into financial asset at FVTPL is deemed reasonable if it meets one of the following criteria:
  - The classification eliminates or significantly reduces the inconsistent treatments that would otherwise arise from measuring or recognizing the asset on a different basis;
  - ▶ The financial asset is part of a group of financial assets which are managed, and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with the Company's risk management or investment strategy.

Financial assets at FVTPL are initially recognized at cost (excluding transaction cost arising from the purchase) and subsequently recognized at fair value.

Increase in the difference arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL in comparison with the prior period is recognized into the interim income statement under "Gain from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL". Decrease in the difference arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL in comparison with the prior period is recognized into the interim income statement under "Loss from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL". The increase/decrease in the difference arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL is recognized into the interim income statement on a semi-annual basis, in the interim income statement for the six-month period ended 30 June and the income statement each year.

Transaction costs relating to the purchase of the financial assets at FVTPL are recognized when incurred as expenses in the interim income statement.

#### 4.4 Loans

Loans are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or identifiable payments and are non-listed in the market, with the exceptions of:

- a) The items that the Company intends to sell immediately or in a near future which are classified as assets held for trading, and those which, upon initial recognition, are classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss by the Company;
- b) The items classified as available-for-sale upon initial recognition by the Company; or
- c) The items whose holders cannot recover the majority of initial investment value not due to the impairment of credit quality and which are classified as available-for-sale.

Loans are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, loans are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.4 Loans (continued)

Amortized cost of loans is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus (-) principal repayments, plus (+) or minus (-) the accumulated amortization using the effective interest rate method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment or lack of collectability (if any).

Loans are subject to impairment assessment at the interim balance sheet date. Provision is made based on its estimated loss which is determined by the difference between the market value of securities used as collaterals for such loans and the loan outstanding balance. Any increase/decrease in the balance of provision is recorded in "Provision expenses for diminution in value and impairment of financial assets, doubtful debts, and interest expenses from borrowings" in the interim income statement.

#### Margin lending

Margin lending is the activity in which the Company lends money to investors to buy securities on the margin trading accounts opened at the Company and, at the same time, the investors are responsible for depositing a part or the whole of permitted securities in the margin trading accounts to secure such loans. Margin loans are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, margin loans continue to be recorded at cost and periodically assessed for impairment (if any).

#### 4.5 Held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments

Held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or identifiable payments and fixed maturity that the Company intends and is able to hold to maturity, except for:

- The financial assets classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss upon initial recognition by the Company;
- b) The financial assets classified as available-for-sale;
- c) The financial assets satisfying the definition of loans and receivables.

HTM investments are initially recognized at cost (purchase value plus (+) transaction costs which are directly attributable to the investments such as brokerage fee, trading fee, agent fee, issuance agent fee and bank charge). After initial recognition, held-to-maturity investments are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

Amortized cost of HTM investments is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus (-) principal repayments, plus (+) or minus (-) the accumulated amortization using the effective interest rate method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, and minus any reduction for impairment or uncollectibility (if any).

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the cost allocation on interest income or interest expense in the period of a financial assets or a group of HTM investments.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.5 Held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments (continued)

HTM investments are subject to impairment assessment at the interim balance sheet date. Provision is made for an HTM investment when there is any objective evidence that the investment is unrecoverable or there is uncertainty of recoverability, resulting from one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the investment and that event has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the investment that can be reliably estimated. Evidence of impairment may include a drop in the fair value/market value (if any) of the investment, indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulties, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, the probability that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization and where observable data indicate that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows, such as changes in arrear or economic conditions that correlate with defaults. When there is any evidence of impairment, provision for an HTM investment is determined as the negative difference between its fair value and amortized cost at the assessment date. Any increase/decrease in the balance of provision is recorded in "Provision expenses for diminution in value and impairment of financial assets, doubtful debts, and interest expenses from borrowings" in the interim income statement.

#### 4.6 Fair value/market value of financial assets

Fair value/market value of securities is determined as follows:

- For securities listed on Hanoi Stock Exchange and Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange, market prices are closing prices on the last trading date preceding the revaluation date;
- For securities non-listed on the stock market but registered for trading on Unlisted Public Company Market ("UPCoM"), market prices are determined as the average of the reference prices in the last 30 consecutive trading days before the time of making financial statements published by the Stock Exchange;
- ► For trading securities on UPCoM market that have not been traded within 30 days before the time of preparing the financial statements, the provisioning rate for each securities investment package shall be determined in accordance with regulations on the level of deductions for other investments:
- ► For listed securities which are canceled or suspended from trading or suspended from trading from the sixth trading day onwards, the actual securities price is the book value at the date of the latest statement of financial position;
- ▶ For non-listed securities and securities non-registered for trading on UPCoM, actual market prices are average of actual trading prices quoted by three (03) securities companies conducting transactions at the last trading date before but not exceeding the revaluation date by more than a month.

For securities which do not have reference prices from the above sources, the fair value is determined at cost plus accrued interest (if any) or based on the internal valuation method of the Company.

For the purposes of determining taxable income, the tax base of the Company's financial assets is measured at cost less provision for diminution in value. Accordingly, the market value of securities for the purpose of making provision is determined in accordance with Circular No. 48/2019/TT- BTC dated 8 August 2019 ("Circular 48") promulgated by the Ministry of Finance and Circular No. 24/2022/TT-BTC ("Circular 24") dated 7 April 2022 amending and supplementing a number of articles of Circular 48.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.7 Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset (or a part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- ▶ The Company no longer has the rights to receive cash flows from the asset; or
- ► The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a transfer arrangement; and either:
  - The Company has transferred substantially the risks and rewards of the asset; or
  - The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a transfer arrangement and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is still recognized as the Company's asset. In that case, the Company also recognizes a corresponding liability. The transferred asset and the corresponding liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

In case that the recognized liability is in the form of guarantee, the transferred assets will be recognized at the smaller value between the initial carrying value of the assets and the maximum obligation incurred by the Company.

#### 4.8 Reclassification of financial assets

Reclassification when selling financial assets other than FVTPL

When selling financial assets other than FVTPL, securities companies are required to reclassify those financial assets to financial assets at FVTPL. Differences arising from revaluation of available for sales ("AFS") financial assets which are recognized under "Gain/(Loss) from revaluation of assets at fair value" will be recognized to the corresponding revenue or expenses at the date of reclassification of AFS financial assets.

Reclassification due to changes in purpose or ability to hold

Securities companies are able to reclassify financial assets to appropriate categories upon changes in purpose or ability to hold, accordingly:

- Non-derivative financial assets at FVTPL or financial assets that are not required to classify as financial assets at FVTPL at initial recognition can be classified as loans and other receivables in certain circumstances or as cash and cash equivalents if the requirements are met. The gains or losses arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL prior to the reclassification are not allowed to be reversed;
- ▶ If certain investments should no longer be classified as HTM investments due to changes in purpose or ability to hold, they are required to be reclassified into available-for-sale financial assets and measured at fair value. The difference arising from revaluation between carrying value and fair value are recognized as "Gain/(loss) from revaluation of assets at fair value" in owners' equity.

#### 4.9 Recognition of mortgaged financial assets

During the period, the Company had mortgaged/pledged financial assets as collaterals for financial obligations of the Company.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.9 Recognition of mortgaged financial assets (continued)

According to the terms and conditions of the mortgage/pledge contracts, during the valid period of the contracts, the Company is not allowed to sell, transfer or use the mortgaged/pledged assets under repurchase agreements or swap contracts with any other third party.

In case the Company is unable to fulfill its obligations, the mortgagee/pledgee is allowed to use the mortgaged/pledged assets to settle the obligations of the Company after a specified period in the mortgage/pledge contracts after the due date.

The mortgaged/pledged assets are monitored in the Company's statement of interim financial position in accordance with accounting principles relevant to the assets' classification.

#### 4.10 Receivables

Receivables are initially recognized at cost and are continuously presented at cost in subsequent periods.

Provision for receivables is determined based on the overdue status of debts or expected loss of current debts in case the debts are undue yet the organization has fallen into bankruptcy, is under dissolution process or has absconded; or individual who is being prosecuted, detained, on trial or under sentence or is suffering from fatal diseases (with medical certificate) or has deceased or the debts requested for sentence yet are unenforceable due to individual escaping or the debts sued for debt collection yet are under suspension. Provision expenses incurred are recorded in "Other operating expenses" in the interim income statement in the period.

Provision rates for overdue receivables are as follows:

Overdue period	Provision rate
From over six (06) months to less than one (01) year	30%
From one (01) year to less than two (02) years	50%
From two (02) years to less than three (03) years	70%
From over three (03) years	100%

Management also makes assessment on estimated losses of undue receivables based on qualitative factors and makes provision thereto.

#### 4.11 Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortization.

The cost of a fixed asset comprises of its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Costs related to additions, improvements and renewals are capitalized while expenditures for maintenance and repairs (if any) are charged to the interim income statement when incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or liquidated, any gains or losses resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net proceeds from the sale of assets and the remaining value of the assets) are recorded to the interim income statement.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.12 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation of tangible and amortization of intangible assets are computed on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of these assets as follows:

Machines and equipment	03 - 07 years
Office equipment	03 – 05 years
Other tangible assets	05 years
Computer software	03 - 07 years
Other intangible assets	07 years

#### 4.13 Leases

Whether an agreement is determined as a lease agreement depends on the nature of the agreement at the beginning: whether the implementation of the agreement depends on the use of a certain asset and whether the agreement includes terms on the rights of use of the asset.

When the Company is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the leases.

#### 4.14 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses, including short-term prepaid expenses and long-term prepaid expenses in the interim statement of financial position, are amortized over the period for which the amounts are paid and in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

The following expenses are recorded as long-term prepaid expenses and are amortized for the period of one (01) year to three (03) years to the interim income statement:

- Maintenance expenses, software expenses;
- Office tools expenses and other prepaid expenses.

#### 4.15 Borrowings

Borrowings of the Company are recorded and stated at cost at the end of the accounting period.

#### 4.16 Payables and accrued expenses

Payables and accrued expenses are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for interests of convertible bonds, goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 4.17 Employees' benefits

#### 4.17.1 Retirement benefits

Retirement benefits are paid to retired employees of the Company by the Social Insurance Agency which belongs to the Ministry of Labour, Invalids and Social Affairs. The Company is required to pay social insurance premium to the Social Insurance Agency at the rate of 17.5% of an employee's basic salary on a monthly basis. Other than that, the Company has no further obligations.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.17 Employees' benefits (continued)

#### 4.17.2 Voluntary resignation benefits

Under Article 46 of the Vietnam Labor Code No. 45/2019/QH14 taking effect on 1 January 2021 and the Decree No. 145/2020/ND-CP of Government regulating and guiding the implementation of articles of the Vietnam Labor Code regarding working conditions and labor relations, the Company has the responsibility to pay allowance equivalent to half of their monthly salary for each year of employment for voluntarily resigned employees who fully meet the requirements in accordance with the regulations. Working time to calculate the severance allowance is the total time the employee has worked for the Company minus the time that the employee has participated in unemployment insurance in accordance with the regulations on unemployment insurance and the working time during which the employer has paid severance allowance and job-loss allowance. The average monthly salary used in this calculation is the average monthly salary of the last six-month period up to the resignation.

#### 4.17.3 Unemployment allowance

According to Article 57 of the Law on Employment No. 38/2013/QH13 effective from 01 January 2015 and Decree No. 28/2015/ND-CP dated 12 March 2015 of the Government providing guidelines for the Law on Employment in term of unemployment insurance, the Company is required to contribute to the unemployment insurance at the rate of 1% of salary and wage fund of unemployment insurance joiners and deduct 1% of monthly salary and wage of each employee to contribute to the unemployment insurance. According to Decision No. 28/2021/QD-TTg of the Prime Minister, from 01 October 2021, the Company is entitled to reduce the unemployment insurance contributions rate of 1% mentioned above to 0% within 12 months.

#### 4.18 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's accounting currency ("VND") are recorded at the actual exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- ► Transactions resulting in receivables are revaluated at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection;
- Transactions resulting in liabilities are revaluated at the selling exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for payment;
- Capital contributions or capital receipts are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for capital contribution; and
- ▶ Payments for purchases of assets or expenses without liabilities initially being recognized is recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks that process these payments.

All foreign exchange differences incurred are taken to the interim income statement.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as on 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of receipts or receivables less trade discount, concessions and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized.

Revenue from brokerage services

Where the contract outcome can be reliably measured, revenue is recognized with reference to the stage of completion. Where the contract outcome cannot be reliably measured, revenue is recognized only to the extent that the incurred expenses would be recoverable.

Income from proprietary trading

Income from proprietary trading is determined by the difference between the selling price and the weighted average cost of securities sold.

#### Other incomes

Other incomes are income from irregular activities other than operating activities, including: income from disposals and sales of fixed assets; fines paid by customers for contract breaches; collection of insurance compensation; recoveries from bad debts previously written off; liabilities recognized as an increase in income as their owners no longer exist; collection of reduced and reimbursed tax; and other receipts recognizable as other income as stipulated by VAS 14 – Revenue and other incomes.

#### Interest income

Interest income is recognized on an accrual basis (including the effective yield on the asset) unless there is an uncertainty in the collectability.

Income from dividends and interests arose from holding financial assets at FVTPL is recognized upon cash receipts.

#### Dividend

Dividends are recognized when the Company's right to receive payment is established. Stock dividends are not recognized as an increase in income of the Company, only the number of shares is updated.

Revenue from other services provided

When there is a certainty in determining contract performance, income would be recognized based on percentage of contract completion.

When a certainty in determining contract performance is unavailable, income would be recognized to the extent of recoverable amount of expenses incurred.

#### 4.20 Interest expenses

Interest expenses include accrued interests from borrowings and other expenses arising directly from borrowings by the Company. Interest expenses are recognized on an accrual basis.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as on 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.21 Method of calculation for costs of securities in proprietary trading

Costs of securities in proprietary trading are determined using weighted average cost at the end of the transaction date method.

#### 4.22 Corporate income tax

#### Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior period are measured at the amount expected to be paid to/or recovered from the tax authorities using the tax rates and tax laws effective at the interim balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim income statement, except when it relates to items recognized directly to equity, in this case, the current tax is also directly recorded in equity.

Current tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences at the interim balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except for deferred tax liability arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are levied on deductible temporary differences, deductible amounts carried over to subsequent periods of taxable losses, and unutilized tax advantages when it is likely that earnings are generated in foreseeable future to use deductible temporary differences, taxable losses and tax advantages, except for deferred tax asset arising from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the interim balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be used. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the interim balance sheet date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized, or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws effective at the interim balance sheet date. Deferred income tax is charged or credited to the interim income statement, except when it relates to items recognized directly to equity, in this case, the deferred income tax is also directly recorded in equity.

#### 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 4.22 Corporate income tax (continued)

Deferred income tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to offset deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities relating to income tax levied by the same tax authority on either the same taxable entity or when the Company intends to settle its deferred tax assets and liabilities on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### 4.23 Owners' equity

Contributed capital

Contributed capital from stock issuance is recorded in the charter capital at par value.

Undistributed profit

Undistributed profit comprises realized profit and unrealized profit.

Unrealized profit of the period is the difference between gain and loss arising from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL or other financial assets in the interim income statement under the Company's financial assets and deferred tax income/expenses in the period.

Realized profit during the period is the net difference between total revenue and income and total expenses in the interim income statement of the Company, except for gain or loss arising from revaluation of financial assets recognized in unrealized profit.

Profit distribution

Net profit after tax is available for distribution to shareholders after being approved in the General Meeting of Shareholders and after making appropriation to reserves in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnamese regulatory requirements.

#### 4.24 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related to the Company if a party has the ability, either directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and other parties are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close family members of individuals who are related parties.

#### 4.25 Nil balance

Items or balances required by Circular No. 210/2014/TT-BTC dated 30 December 2014 and Circular No. 334/2016/TT-BTC dated 27 December 2016 of the Minister of Finance that are not included in these interim financial statements indicate nil balance.

#### 5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30/06/2025	31/12/2024
	<i>VND</i>	<i>VND</i>
Cash at bank for operations of the Company	166,962,868,631	228,336,513,233
Total	166,962,868,631	228,336,513,233

#### 6. TRADING VALUE AND VOLUME DURING THE PERIOD

	Trading volume unit	Trading value VND
The Company	66,966,891	10,212,205,044,322
Shares	450	7,158,000
Bonds	66,685,303	9,306,812,292,102
Other securities	281,138	905,385,594,220
Investors	3,073,281,989	74,465,671,549,711
Shares	2,703,186,815	54,698,283,326,920
Bonds	3,825,171	528,582,197,241
Other securities	366,270,003	19,238,806,025,550
Total	3,140,248,880	84,677,876,594,033

#### 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### 7.1 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")

	30/06	6/2025	31/12	2/2024	
	Cost VND	Fair value VND	Cost VND	Fair value VND	
Shares	80,100,445	85,761,850	87,097,945	89,383,350	
Bonds	509,183,336,645	509,183,336,645	231,278,079,476	231,278,079,476	
Valuable papers	195,018,266,650	195,018,266,650	49,775,342,448	49,775,342,448	
Total	704,281,703,740	704,287,365,145	281,140,519,869	281,142,805,274	

#### 7.2 Held-to-maturity ("HTM") investments

	30/06/2025 	31/12/2024 VND
Over 3-month term deposits (*) Over 3-month certificates of deposit (**) Bonds (***)	574,000,000,000 250,000,000,000 250,000,000,000	345,000,000,000 250,000,000,000 250,000,000,000
Total	1,074,000,000,000	845,000,000,000

- (\*) As at 30 June 2025, these were term deposits with terms ranging from 183 days to 365 days, and bore interest at rates ranging from 4.75% p.a. to 6.10% p.a. (As at 31 December 2024: from 4.80% p.a. to 5.90% p.a.).
- (\*\*) As at 30 June 2025, these were certificates of deposit with terms ranging from 181 days to 365 days, and bore interest at rates ranging from 5.20% p.a. to 6.70% p.a. (As at 31 December 2024: 4.80% p.a. to 6.50% p.a.).
- (\*\*\*) As at 30 June 2025, these were bonds with the maturity terms of 7-8 years, and bore interest at rates ranging from 5.78% p.a. to 7.475% p.a. (As at 31 December 2024: 5.78% p.a. to 7.475% p.a.).

#### 7. FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

#### 7.3 Loans

	30/06	/2025	31/12/2024		
	Cost	Fair value (**)	Cost	Fair value (**)	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	
Margin lending (*) Advance lending	1,649,634,463,885	1,649,634,463,885	1,741,542,092,106	1,741,542,092,106	
	301,395,343,473	301,395,343,473	171,336,890,942	171,336,890,942	
Total	1,951,029,807,358	1,951,029,807,358	1,912,878,983,048	1,912,878,983,048	

(\*) Securities under margin activities are used as collaterals for the margin loans granted by the Company to investors. The par value and market value of securities used as collaterals for margin lending are as follows:

	30/06	5/2025	31/12/2024	
	Face value VND	Market value VND	Face value VND	Market value VND
Securities used as collaterals	1,574,010,960,000	3,753,678,229,600	1,808,536,610,000	3,819,572,051,590

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The fair value of loans is measured at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

#### 7.4 Changes in fair value of financial assets

Changes in fair value of financial assets as at 30 June 2025 are as follows:

		Revaluation	Revaluation difference		
Financial assets	Cost VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Revaluation value VND	
FVTPL					
Shares Bonds Valuable papers	80,100,445 509,183,336,645 195,018,266,650	7,049,600	(1,388,195) - -	85,761,850 509,183,336,645 195,018,266,650	
Total	704,281,703,740	7,049,600	(1,388,195)	704,287,365,145	

Changes in fair value of financial assets as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

		Revaluation of	Revaluation difference		
Financial assets	Cost VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	value VND	
FVTPL					
Shares Bonds Valuable papers	87,097,945 231,278,079,476 49,775,342,448	3,673,600	(1,388,195) - -	89,383,350 231,278,079,476 49,775,342,448	
Total	281,140,519,869	3,673,600	(1,388,195)	281,142,805,274	

#### 8. RECEIVABLES

		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Receivables from disposals of financial assets Receivables from sales of listed bonds	<b>384,401,448</b> 384,401,448	<b>665,031,739</b> 665,031,739
	Receivables and accruals from dividend and interest income Accrued interest from term deposits, certificates of deposit Accrued interest from unlisted bonds Accrued interest from margin lending Accrued interest from advance lending Total	<b>30,696,514,759</b> 10,296,890,412 6,974,726,032 13,333,321,057 91,577,258 <b>31,080,916,207</b>	27,692,470,648 5,845,693,147 5,168,842,468 16,654,264,283 23,670,750 28,357,502,387
9.	ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS		
<i>3</i> .	ADVANCES TO SUFFLIERS	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	AMIGO Technologies Joint Stock Company BOW Media Joint Stock Company Others	841,279,560 450,450,000 66,847,000	366,847,000
	Total	1,358,576,560	366,847,000
10.	RECEIVABLES FROM SERVICES PROVIDED BY TH	E COMPANY	
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Receivables from securities brokerage activities	135,038,394	83,062,786
	Total	135,038,394	83,062,786
11.	OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Others In which:	416,206,261	103,147,047
	- Irrecoverable debts	45,739,166	45,739,166
	Total	416,206,261	103,147,047
12.	SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS, COLLATERALS AND PLE	DGES	
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Deposit for expats' rentals	38,387,250	38,387,250
	Total	38,387,250	38,387,250

#### 13. SHORT-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES

	30/06/2025 	31/12/2024 VND
Brand marketing and recruitment expenses	12,496,458	29,408,958
Data purchasing and internet expenses	2,126,108,733	2,581,154,945
Other prepaid expenses	3,179,180,712	3,162,794,274
Total	5,317,785,903	5,773,358,177

#### 14. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Machines and equipment VND	Office equipment VND	Other tangible fixed assets VND	Total VND
Cost				
Opening balance Additions	27,499,729,309	3,371,130,744 76,233,300	99,572,000	30,970,432,053 76,233,300
Closing balance	27,499,729,309	3,447,364,044	99,572,000	31,046,665,353
In which: - Fully depreciated tangible fixed assets in use  Accumulated depreciation	2,679,693,309	1,633,186,344	99,572,000	4,412,451,653
Opening balance Depreciation for the	15,322,895,687 1,933,145,161	2,336,813,040 351,302,234	99,572,000	17,759,280,727 2,284,447,395
period Closing balance	17,256,040,848	2,688,115,274	99,572,000	20,043,728,122
Net book value	17,200,040,040	2,000,110,214		20,040,720,122
Opening balance	12,176,833,622	1,034,317,704	-	13,211,151,326
Closing balance	10,243,688,461	759,248,770	-	11,002,937,231

# Pinetree Securities Corporation

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as on 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 15. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

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	Compute software VNE	trademark	s Total
Cost			
Opening balance Additions	71,387,401,402 750,000,000		0 71,484,949,512 - 750,000,000
Closing balance	72,137,401,402	97,548,110	0 72,234,949,512
Include: - Fully amortized intangible assets in use	4,178,815,860	)	- 4,178,815,860
Accumulated amortization			
Opening balance Amortization for the period	39,798,532,064 5,168,243,496		
Closing balance	44,966,775,560	17,793,928	8 44,984,569,488
Net book value			
Opening balance	31,588,869,338	86,721,910	31,675,591,248
Closing balance	27,170,625,842	79,754,182	2 27,250,380,024
Purchases of fixed assets		30/06/2025 <u>VND</u> 1,980,000,000	31/12/2024 VND 105,000,000
Software development		7,454,954,326	2,431,025,848
Total		9,434,954,326	2,536,025,848
LONG-TERM DEPOSITS, COLLATE	RALS AND PLE	DGES	
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
Office rental deposits House rental deposits Other deposits	_	1,167,074,340 54,283,050 103,000,000	1,167,074,340 105,695,550 83,000,000
Total		1,324,357,390	1,355,769,890
LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES			
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
Tools and equipment Software expenses Other prepaid expenses		903,301,442 236,324,570 21,870,206	733,093,577 235,444,062 232,790,591
Total	_	1,161,496,218	1,201,328,230

#### 19. PAYMENTS TO FUNDS

#### 19.1 Payments to Settlement Assistance Fund

Payments to Settlement Assistance Fund represent the amount deposited at the Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation ("VSDC").

According to Circular No. 119/2020/TT-BTC dated 31 December 2020 by the Minister of Finance providing regulations on the registration, depository, clearing and settlement of securities in the Vietnamese securities market, Decision No. 45/QD-VSD dated 22 May 2014 on the promulgation of regulations on the management and use of the Settlement Assistance Fund by the General Director of the VSDC, the Company is required to deposit an initial amount of VND 120 million at the VSDC and pay an addition of 0.01% of the total amount of brokered securities in the prior year, but not over VND 2.5 billion p.a. The maximum contribution of each depository member being a securities company engaging in proprietary trading and brokerage services to the Settlement Assistance Fund is VND 20 billion.

Details of the payments to Settlement Assistance Fund are as follows:

	30/06/2025 	31/12/2024 VND
Initial balance Additions Distributed interest	120,000,000 16,258,848,419 	120,000,000 13,758,848,419 819,097,190
Total	16,378,848,419	14,697,945,609

#### 19.2 Payments to Clearing Fund

According to Circular No. 58/2021/TT-BTC of the Ministry of Finance issued on 12 July 2021 guiding a number of articles of Decree No. 158/2020/ND-CP dated 31 December 2020 of the Government on derivative securities and derivative securities market, the Clearing fund is formed from the contributions of clearing members in cash or securities approved by the VSDC for the purpose of compensating for losses and settle derivative securities transactions in the name of a clearing member in case the clearing member or investor of the clearing member becomes insolvent. Also, the Company is required to deposit an initial amount of money of VND 10 billion at the VSDC into the Clearing Fund for derivatives trading. Periodic additional contributions include additional contributions due to periodic revaluation and unusual additional contributions issued by VSDC over time.

Details of the payments to Clearing Fund are as follows:

	30/06/2025 	31/12/2024 VND
Initial payment	10,000,000,000	10,000,000,000
Distributed interest	19,988,193	10,010,165
Total	10,019,988,193	10,010,010,165

#### 20. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

Short-term borrowings from credit institutions	31/12/2024 VND	Drawdown during the period VND	Payments during the period VND	30/06/2025 VND
Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam – Ha Thanh Branch Asia Commercial Joint Stock Bank – Hanoi Branch Nonghyup Bank – Hanoi Branch Other credit institutions	331,000,000,000 66,600,000,000 250,000,000,000 1,157,000,000,000	1,985,495,000,000 380,000,000,000 250,000,000,000 5,167,609,138,465	(1,972,495,000,000) (196,600,000,000) (250,000,000,000) (4,757,387,138,465)	344,000,000,000 250,000,000,000 250,000,000,000 1,567,222,000,000
Total	1,804,600,000,000	7,783,104,138,465	(7,176,482,138,465)	2,411,222,000,000

Short-term borrowings as of 30 June 2025 include:

- Overdrafts from domestic credit institutions with interest rate from 5.00% to 5.20% p.a.
- ▶ Other short-term borrowings from domestic credit institutions with interest rates ranging from 3.80% p.a. to 5.80% p.a.

These borrowings are for the purpose of supplementing working capital for the Company.

As at the end of the period, short-term borrowings are secured by the Company's financial assets, whose fair value are:

	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
Certificates of deposit Term deposits Bonds	250,000,000,000 574,000,000,000 250,000,000,000	250,000,000,000 345,000,000,000 200,000,000,000
Total	1,074,000,000,000	795,000,000,000

# 21. PAYABLES FOR SECURITIES TRADING ACTIVITIES

					30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Payables to the Stoc Payables to the VSD			2	2,821,568,649 345,813,759	2,256,555,516 280,713,375
	Total			3	3,167,382,408	2,537,268,891
22.	SHORT-TERM TRA	DE PAYABLES				
					30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	FPT International Te Hanoi Branch Payables for purchas Other trade payables	ses of financial ass			1,413,855,807 1,934,751,355 72,320,000	24,249,336 176,148,900 54,450,000
	Total			3	3,420,927,162	254,848,236
23.	STATUTORY OBLIG	GATIONS				
					30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Corporate income tax Personal income tax Foreign contractor ta	("PIT")			4,483,854,095 7,167,038,611 	6,893,297,751 7,722,520,529 10,257,134
	Total	otal		11	,650,892,706	14,626,075,414
	Movements of taxation	on and statutory ob	oligations du	ring th	e period:	
						Unit: VND
		Opening			in the period	Closing
	CIT	<u>balance</u>		ases	Decrease	
	PIT FCT Other taxes	6,893,297,751 7,722,520,529 10,257,134	41,047,902 261,019	6,644,862,742 (9,054,306,398 41,047,902,024 (41,603,383,942 261,019,073 (271,276,207 21,872,507 (21,872,507		7,167,038,611 7)
	Total	14,626,075,414	47,975,656	3,346	(50,950,839,054	4) 11,650,892,706
24.	SHORT-TERM ACC	RUED EXPENSES	8			
					30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Accrued interest exp Other accrued exper		igs	3	3,350,482,785 528,939,679	2,906,200,901 586,161,255
	Total			3	3,879,422,464	3,492,362,156

#### 25. OWNERS' EQUITY

# 25.1 Details of owners' equity

	30/06/2025		31/12/2024	
	VND	%	VND	%
Hanwha Investment and Securities Co., Ltd Others	1,008,726,160,000 73,840,000	99.99 0.01	969,929,000,000 71,000,000	99.99 0.01
Total	1,008,800,000,000	100.00	970,000,000,000	100.00

# 25.2 Changes in owners' equity

			Operational risk and		
	Contributed capital	Share premium	financial reserve	Undistributed profit	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
As on 1 January 2024	970,000,000,000	510,000,000,000	1,321,976,000	18,831,627,171	1,500,153,603,171
Net profit for the year				51,056,810,620	51,056,810,620
As on 31 December 2024	970,000,000,000	510,000,000,000	1,321,976,000	69,888,437,791	1,551,210,413,791
Capital increase	38,800,000,000	(38,800,000,000)	_	72	_
Net profit for the period				26,582,826,970	26,582,826,970
As on 30 June 2025	1,008,800,000,000	471,200,000,000	1,321,976,000	96,471,264,761	1,577,793,240,761

#### 25. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

#### 25.3 Changes in distribution to shareholders

	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
Realized gain undistributed at the beginning of the		
period	69,886,152,386	18,831,299,766
Realized gain for current period	26,579,450,970	51,054,852,620
Realized profit undistributed at the end of the period	96,465,603,356	69,886,152,386

#### 25.4 Shares

	30/06/2025		31/12/2024	
	Number of shares		Number of shares	VND
Registered shares	100,880,000	1,008,800,000,000	97,000,000	970,000,000,000
Issued shares - Ordinary shares	100,880,000 100,880,000	1,008,800,000,000 1,008,800,000,000	97,000,000 97,000,000	970,000,000,000 970,000,000,000
Circulating shares - Ordinary shares	100,880,000 100,880,000	1,008,800,000,000 1,008,800,000,000	97,000,000 97,000,000	970,000,000,000 970,000,000,000

#### 26. DISCLOSURES OF INTERIM OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

# 26.1 Financial assets listed/registered for trading at the Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation ("VSDC") of the Company

Total	329,304,560,000	278,223,910,000
Unrestricted financial assets	329,304,560,000	278,223,910,000
	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND

# 26.2 Financial assets listed/registered for trading at the VSDC of investors

	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
Unrestricted financial assets	6,208,669,101,000	6,304,906,030,000
Restricted financial assets	788,650,000	421,200,000
Blocked financial assets	254,000,000	259,000,000
Financial assets awaiting settlement	630,042,855,000	165,170,380,000
Total	6,839,754,606,000	6,470,756,610,000

# 26. DISCLOSURES OF INTERIM OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS (continued)

#### 26.3 Investors' deposits

		20/06/2025	24/42/2024
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Investors' deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company  - Domestic investors' deposits for securities	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
	trading activities managed by the Company - Foreign investors' deposits for securities	1,051,436,219,802	633,487,053,212
	trading activities managed by the Company  - Domestic investors' margin deposits for	5,892,105,038	308,305,361
	derivatives trading activities at VSDC - Foreign investors' margin deposits for	26,427,992,932	18,441,085,164
	derivatives trading activities at VSDC		1,499,972,500
	Total	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
26.4	Payables to investors		
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Payables to investors for deposits for securities trading activities managed by the Company  - Payables to domestic investors for deposits for securities trading activities managed by	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
	<ul> <li>for securities trading activities managed by the Company</li> <li>Payables to foreign investors for deposits</li> </ul>	1,044,667,203,631	619, 260, 159, 443
	for securities trading activities managed by the Company  Payables to demostic investors for margin	12,661,121,209	14,535,199,130
	<ul> <li>Payables to domestic investors for margin deposits for derivatives trading activities</li> <li>Payables to foreign investors for margin</li> </ul>	26,427,992,932	18,441,085,164
	deposits for derivatives trading activities	_	1,499,972,500
	Total	1,083,756,317,772	653,736,416,237
26.5	Investors' payables for services of securities co	ompanies	
		30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 VND
	Payables for margin lending activities Principal payables for margin lending activities - Domestic investors Interest payables for margin lending activities - Domestic investors	<b>1,662,967,784,942</b> 1,649,634,463,885 1,649,634,463,885 13,333,321,057 13,333,321,057	<b>1,758,196,356,389</b> 1,741,542,092,106 1,741,542,092,106 16,654,264,283 16,654,264,283
	Payables for advance lending activities Principal payables for advance lending activities  - Domestic investors Interest payables for advance lending activities  - Domestic investors	<b>301,486,920,731</b> 301,395,343,473 <i>301,395,343,473</i> 91,577,258 <i>91,577,258</i>	<b>171,360,561,692</b> 171,336,890,942 171,336,890,942 23,670,750 23,670,750

#### 27. GAIN/(LOSS) FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS

#### 27.1 Gain/(Loss) from disposals of financial assets at FVTPL

#### 27.1.1 Gain from disposals of financial assets at FVTPL

5,788,000 3,485,547,490,844 809,910,300,777 278,680,994,140	5,598,000 3,482,568,085,376 801,747,054,676 277,561,185,478	190,000 2,979,405,468 8,163,246,101 1,119,808,662	2,449,122,420 2,285,788,497 630,152,000
5,788,000 3,485,547,490,844	5,598,000 3,482,568,085,376	190,000 2,979,405,468	2,449,122,420
5,788,000	5,598,000	190,000	_
	NO. TOURS OF SECURIS		VND
	VND	<i>VND</i>	<i>VND</i>
Proceeds VND	Weighted average cost at the end of transaction date	disposals in the current period	Gain from disposals in the prior period
	Duagana	5	0 0

#### 27.1.2 Loss from disposals of financial assets at FVTPL

No.	Financial assets	Quantity unit	Selling price VND/unit	Proceeds VND	Weighted average cost at the end of transaction date VND	Loss from disposals in the current period VND	Loss from disposals in the prior period VND
1	Listed shares	90	15,222	1,370,000	1,399,500	29,500	=:
2	Listed bonds	590,060	116,931	68,996,011,912	69,077,486,448	81,474,536	893,553,842
3	Unlisted bonds	150	1,020,536,073	153,080,410,950	157,980,193,950	4,899,783,000	704,642,485
4	Valuable papers	100	1,018,025,654	101,802,565,400	102,097,925,000	295,359,600	30,000,000
	Total	590,400	2,038,693,880	323,880,358,262	329,157,004,898	5,276,646,636	1,628,196,327

# 27. GAIN/(LOSS) FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

#### 27.2 Gain from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL

			Revaluation				
			difference at the	Revaluation difference	Gain/(Loss)		
			end of the	at the beginning of the	recorded in the		
	Cost	Fair value	period	period	current period	Increase	Decrease
Financial assets	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
FVTPL							
Shares	80,100,445	85,761,850	5,661,405	2,285,405	3,376,000	3,376,000	-
Listed shares	80,100,445	85,761,850	5,661,405	2,285,405	3,376,000	3,376,000	-
Unlisted shares	=	==	-	-	-	-	-
UPCoM shares	-	-		-	-	-	-
Bonds	509,183,336,645	509,183,336,645	-	-	-	-	-
Listed bonds	153,371,332,501	153,371,332,501	-	-	-	-	-
Unlisted bonds	355,812,004,144	355,812,004,144	-	-	-	-	-
Valuable papers	195,018,266,650	195,018,266,650	-	-	-	-	-
Certificates of deposit	195,018,266,650	195,018,266,650		_			
Total	704,281,703,740	704,287,365,145	5,661,405	2,285,405	3,376,000	3,376,000	

# 27. GAIN/(LOSS) FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS (continued)

#### 27.3 Dividend, interest income from financial assets

27.3	Dividend, interest income from financial assets		
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	Financial assets at FVTPL Term deposits, certificates of deposit Listed and unlisted bonds Loans	2,309,474,909 19,707,021,924 7,585,883,564 96,067,556,033	5,963,984,407 16,773,013,689 807,616,438 92,176,279,604
	Total	125,669,936,430	115,720,894,138
28.	EXPENSES FOR BROKERAGE SERVICES		
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	Securities trading brokerage expenses Salaries expenses for collaborators and other	15,442,645,739	20,749,358,120
	expenses Salaries and other benefits for employees Depreciation and amortization expenses Advertising and marketing expenses IT services expenses (maintenance, upgrading,	1,275,880,474 14,266,379,272 6,611,963,180 769,524,395	201,549,012 14,684,799,322 6,271,497,012 4,132,898,898
	connection, network) Other expenses	2,264,847,287 1,532,931,582	2,170,525,681 2,794,896,731
	Total	42,164,171,929	51,005,524,776
29.	FINANCIAL INCOME		
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
	Interest income from demand deposits	1,471,670,547	1,951,039,679
	Total	1,471,670,547	1,951,039,679

#### 30. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	For the six-month	For the six-month
	period ended 30	period ended 30
	June 2025	June 2024
	VND	VND
Interest expenses	38,679,687,505	27,918,694,229
Other financial expenses	2,552,514,749	3,533,754,429
Total	41,232,202,254	31,452,448,658

#### 31. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

For the six-month	For the six-month
period ended 30	period ended 30
June 2025	June 2024
VND	VND
24,321,863,488	27,986,095,783
72,993,471	72,942,819
223,022,083	240,338,556
847,695,439	558,805,591
864,581,159	870,811,063
7,742,931,271	7,610,851,297
81,248,094	35,332,500
34,154,335,005	37,375,177,609
	period ended 30 June 2025 VND 24,321,863,488 72,993,471 223,022,083 847,695,439 864,581,159 7,742,931,271 81,248,094

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#### 32. CURRENT CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

#### 32.1 Current CIT expenses

The Company's tax reports are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Because the application of tax laws and regulations to many types of transactions is susceptible to varying interpretations, amount reported in the interim financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

Current CIT payables are determined based on taxable income of the current period. Taxable income differs from the one reported in the interim income statement since taxable income excludes income which is taxable or expenses which are deducted in prior periods due to the differences between the Company's accounting policies and the tax regulations. It also excludes non-taxable income and non-deductible expenses. The current CIT payable of the Company is calculated based on the statutory tax rates applicable at the end of the period. The Company is obliged to pay CIT at the rate of 20% (in 2024: 20%) of the total taxable profit under Circular No. 78/2014/TT-BTC effective from 02 August 2014.

# 32. CURRENT CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (continued)

### 32.1 Current CIT expenses (continued)

The estimated current CIT of the Company is represented in the table below:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND
Profit before tax	33,227,689,712	24,591,395,528
<ul> <li>Minus</li> <li>Profit from revaluation of financial assets at FVTPL</li> <li>Dividend received</li> </ul>	(3,376,000)	(99,000)
Estimated current taxable income	33,224,313,712	24,591,296,528
CIT rate Estimated CIT expenses	20% 6,644,862,742	20% 4,918,259,306
Estimated CIT expenses	6,644,862,742	4,918,259,306
33. BASIC EARNING PER SHARE		
	For the six-month period ended 30  June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Profit after tax distributed to ordinary shareholders (VND) Weighted average circulating ordinary shares (number of shares)	26,582,826,970 99,186,519	19,673,136,222
Basic earning per share (VND/share)	268	203

#### 34. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

35.

**Total** 

List of related parties and relationships with the Company is as follows:

Related parties		Relationship				
Hanwha Investment a	nd Securities Co., Ltd	Shareholders				
Significant balances v follows:	vith related parties of the Co	ompany at the end o	f the periods are as			
Related parties	<u>Description</u>	30/06/2025 Receivables VND	31/12/2024 Receivables VND			
Hanwha Investment & Securities Co., Ltd	Prepaid expenses	1,857,661,047	2,548,946,515			
	s with related parties of the and 30 June 2024 are as follo		e six-month periods			
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 Expenses	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 Expenses			
Related parties Hanwha Investment	Description	VND	VND			
& Securities Co., Ltd	Payment guarantee fees	2,552,514,749	3,533,754,429			
Related parties being	g individuals					
Remuneration of mem	bers of the Board of Director	rs				
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 VND	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND			
General Director		3,885,413,169	3,683,063,234			
OPERATING LEASE	COMMITMENTS	30/06/2025 VND	31/12/2024 			
Within one year From one year to five	vears	4,004,993,868 333,749,489	4,004,993,868 2,336,246,423			
	From one year to five years					

4,338,743,357

6,341,240,291

#### 36. PURPOSES AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's financial liabilities comprise mostly of loans and borrowings, payables to suppliers and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company has loans, trade and other receivables, cash and short-term deposits that arise directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

Risk management is integral to the whole business of the Company. The Company has a system of controls in place to maintain an acceptable balance between the cost arising from risks and the cost of managing the risks. Management continually monitors the Company's risk management process to ensure that an appropriate balance between risk and control is achieved.

Management reviews and agrees policies for monitoring each of these risks which are summarized below:

#### 36.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. There are four types of market risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, commodity price risk and other price risks, such as equity price risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include loans and borrowings, deposits and investments.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company's exposure to market risk due to changes in interest rate relates primarily to cash and short-term deposits, investments in bonds, held-to-maturity investments and loans. Financial liabilities have fixed interest rates.

The Company manages interest rate risk by looking at the competitive structure of the market to identify a proper interest rate policy which is favorable for its purposes within its risk management limits. No analysis on interest sensitivity is performed since the Company's exposure to risk of changes in interest rate is insignificant.

Foreign exchange risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (in which revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Company's accounting currency).

The Company manages foreign exchange risk by hedging against transactions that are expected to take place in the future.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as on 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 36. PURPOSES AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 36.2 Equity price risk

Listed and non-listed securities held by the Company are affected by market risk arising from the uncertainty of future value of invested securities. The Company manages equity price risk by establishing investment limits. The Company's Operational Management Division considers and approves decisions on investment in securities.

At the date of the interim financial statements, the fair value of the investments in listed shares and UPCoM shares of the Company was VND 85,761,850 (as on 31 December 2024: VND 89,383,350). If their market price decreases by 10%, the Company's profit after tax will decrease by VND 8,576,185 depending on its magnitude and length as well as the Company's ownership position of securities which have significant influence on market index.

#### 36.3 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty would not meet its obligations under a financial instrument or customer contract, leading to a financial loss. The Company is exposed to credit risk from its operating activities (primarily for loans and receivables) and from its financing activities, including deposits with banks, foreign exchange transactions and other financial instruments.

#### Receivables

Customer credit risk is managed by the Company based on its established policies, procedures and controls relating to customer credit risk management.

Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored. Customer credit quality's impairment is analyzed at each reporting date on an individual basis for major clients. The Company closely monitors outstanding receivables and operates a credit control unit to mitigate credit risk. Due to the fact that the Company's receivables relate to a large number of diversified customers and corresponding collateral assets, there is no significant concentration of credit risk.

#### Deposits at banks

The Company's bank balances are mainly maintained with high credit-rating banks in Vietnam. Credit risk from balances with banks is managed by the Company's accounting department in accordance with the Company's policy. The Company evaluates the concentration of credit risk in respect to bank deposits as low.

#### Margin lending and advances to customers

The Company manages its credit risks via the use of internal control policies, processes and procedures relevant to margin lending and advances to customers. The Company only allows margin lending for permitted securities which are in accordance with regulations for margin lending and which are rated using the Company's quality assessment principles for securities. Credit limit is controlled on the basis of collaterals, credit worthiness of customers and other indicators on control limits.

#### 36. PURPOSES AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 36.3 Credit risk (continued)

The Company's Management assesses that all financial assets are not overdue and not impaired because these financial assets are related to customers who are reputable and have payment capability, except for impaired receivables as shown below:

	Neither overdue nor impaired VND	Overdue but not impaired VND	Overdue and impaired VND	Total VND
Cash at bank and				
cash equivalents	166,962,868,631		-	166,962,868,631
HTM investments	1,074,000,000,000	-	-	1,074,000,000,000
Loans	1,951,029,807,358	¥.	-	1,951,029,807,358
Receivables	31,080,916,207	-	-	31,080,916,207
Receivables				
from services				
provided by the				
Company	135,038,394			135,038,394
Other receivables	370,467,095	-	45,739,166	416,206,261
Advances to	1 250 576 560			4 050 570 500
suppliers Short-term	1,358,576,560	-	-	1,358,576,560
deposits,				
collaterals and				
pledges	38,387,250			38,387,250
Long-term	30,307,230	_	-	30,307,230
deposits,				
collaterals and				
pledges	1,324,357,390	_	-	1,324,357,390
Prepaid expenses	5,317,785,903		<u></u>	5,317,785,903
Total	3,231,618,204,788		45,739,166	3,231,663,943,954

#### 36.4 Liquidity risk

The liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulties in meeting financial obligations due to shortage of funds. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of maturities of financial assets and liabilities.

The Company monitors its liquidity risk by maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents and bank loans deemed adequate by Management to finance the Company's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows.

The Company assesses that the level of risk concentration on debt repayment is low and that the Company is able to access capital resources.

The table below summarizes the payment period of the Company's financial liabilities based on the expected payments under contracts as on 30 June 2025.

# 36. PURPOSES AND POLICIES OF FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

#### 36.4 Liquidity risk (continued)

	Overdue VND	Current VND	Less than 1 year VND	From 1 – 5 years VND	More than 5 years VND	Total VND
FINANCIAL ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value	-	166,962,868,631	-	-	-	166,962,868,631
through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Held-to-maturity ("HTM")	-	704,287,365,145			<u> </u>	704,287,365,145
investments	-	-	824,000,000,000	=	250,000,000,000	1,074,000,000,000
Loans	-	-	1,951,029,807,358	-		1,951,029,807,358
Receivables	-	1.5	31,080,916,207	-	-	31,080,916,207
Receivables from services						
provided by the Company	=	25	135,038,394	-	-	135,038,394
Other receivables	45,739,166	-	370,467,095	-	-	416,206,261
Fixed assets	=	2.0	234,993,389	30,355,231,773	7,663,092,093	38,253,317,255
Payments to Settlement Assistance						
Fund	-	16,378,848,419	<u>-</u> -	-	-	16,378,848,419
Other long-term assets		10,019,988,193				10,019,988,193
Total assets	45,739,166	897,649,070,388	2,806,851,222,443	30,355,231,773	257,663,092,093	3,992,564,355,863
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES						
Short-term borrowings Payables for securities trading	-	-	2,411,222,000,000	9	÷	2,411,222,000,000
activities	-	-	3,167,382,408	_	-	3,167,382,408
Short-term trade payables	-	-	3,420,927,162	_	-	3,420,927,162
Tax and payables to the State	-	-	11,650,892,706	-	_	11,650,892,706
Short-term accrued expenses	-	-	3,879,422,464	-	-	3,879,422,464
Other current payables		S=	508,456,516			508,456,516
Total liabilities			2,433,849,081,256			2,433,849,081,256
Net liquidity difference	45,739,166	897,649,070,388	373,002,141,187	30,355,231,773	257,663,092,093	1,558,715,274,607



#### 37. EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since the interim balance date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the interim financial statements of the Company.

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

Approved by:

ÔNG TY

HÚNG KHOÁN

Ms. Tran Thi Minh Hien Accountant

Ms. Dinh Thi Lan Phuong Chief Accountant Mr. Lee Jun Hyuck General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

08 August 2025